CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (Currently Amended) A method for transmitting voice and data traffic in a wireless communication system, comprising:

generating a first preamble channel, wherein the first preamble channel carries information as to a preamble length;

generating a second preamble channel, wherein the second preamble channel carries a plurality of preamble packets and the length of each of the plurality of preamble packets is carried on the first preamble channel; and

generating a traffic channel, wherein the plurality of preamble packets carried on the second preamble channel are each associated with a packet carried on the traffic channel; wherein the information as to the preamble length is carried by at least a one-bit payload.

- 2. (Cancelled)
- 3. (Cancelled)
- 4. (Original) A method for generating a preamble that is not concatenated to a data subpacket on a traffic channel, comprising:

generating a preamble for transmission on a first non-traffic channel; and

generating a preamble length value for transmission on a second non-traffic channel, wherein the preamble length value is associated with the preamble transmitted on the first non-traffic channel.

- 5. (Original) The method of Claim 4, wherein the preamble length value is represented by two bits.
- 6. (Original) The method of Claim 4, wherein the preamble length value is represented by one bit.
- 7. (Currently Amended) An apparatus for generating a preamble information channel within a wireless communication system, wherein the preamble information channel informs a target station of a length of a preamble transmitted on a separate channel, comprising:
- a block encoder configured to receive a symbol and to output a plurality of symbols;
- a repetition element configured to receive the plurality of symbols from the block encoder and to output a sequence, wherein the sequence comprises a repeated pattern of the plurality of symbols;
- a modulation element configured to receive the sequence and to output an inphase component and a quadrature component; and
- a Walsh covering element for spreading the in-phase component and the quadrature component; wherein the Walsh covering element uses at least a 256-ary Walsh code.
- 8. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 7, wherein the symbol comprises two bits.

- 9. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 8, wherein the block encoder outputs three code symbols for the two-bit symbol.
- 10. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 7, wherein the modulation element performs quadrature phase-shift keying (QPSK) modulation.

11. (Cancelled)

- 12. (Original) An apparatus for generating a preamble information channel within a wireless communication system, wherein the preamble information channel informs a target station of a length of a preamble transmitted on a separate channel, comprising:
- a mapping element configured to receive one bit and to output +1, -1, or 0 accordingly;
- a repetition element configured to repeat the output of the mapping element to form a sequence; and
 - a Walsh covering element for spreading the sequence.
- 13. (Currently Amended) An apparatus for generating a preamble for transmission on a channel that does not carry traffic, comprising:
 - a convolutional encoder configured to convolve a preamble sequence;
- a repetition element configured to receive the convolved preamble sequence and to output a repeated sequence;
 - a modulation element configured to modulate the repeated sequence; and

- a Walsh covering element for spreading the modulated sequence; wherein the Walsh covering element uses at least a 128-ary Walsh code.
- 14. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 13, wherein the convolutional encoder is a tailbiting convolutional encoder.
- 15. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 13, wherein the modulation element performs quadrature phase shift-keying (QPSK) modulation.
- 16. (Cancelled)
- 17. (Cancelled)
- 18. (Cancelled)